

PERSONAL POWER

Dear Parent,

Your child will be participating in the **Safer, Smarter Teens** personal safety curriculum over the next several weeks. The *Safer, Smarter Teens* curriculum was developed by me, Lauren Book, M.S.Ed., in collaboration with a developmental psychologist and career educators, to arm your child with the necessary skills to avoid sexual abuse and exploitation. It is age-appropriate and provides practical strategies to help teens protect themselves without being explicit or frightening.

Parents and other responsible adults want to protect children from those who might harm them, but no child can be supervised 24 hours a day. Middle school students by nature want to be more independent and fit in with their peer group. The *Safer, Smarter Teens* curriculum will teach your child ways that he or she can reduce the likelihood of being abused and how to get help if needed.

The curriculum is taught through six lessons that incorporate videos in which I review scenarios involving middle school students that cover our topic areas. The teacher then directs in-class discussions and activities, including small-group work and journal prompts. Information is sent home to you after each lesson to build your background knowledge of the day's topic, to provide you and your child the opportunity to extend the discussion further, and to allow for more individual attention to this important topic. This discussion also helps to keep the lines of communication open between you and your child, which is key to his or her safety. We want teens to recognize that:

- Building self-esteem increases responsible behavior, including assisting others.
- Safe relationships involve a balance of power.
- Setting personal boundaries means they have the right to say "no" to anything and anyone that makes them feel uncomfortable.
- They need to have a few adults they trust whom they can go to whenever a situation makes them feel scared or uncomfortable.
- They can learn to recognize "red flags," such as secrets or threats, that may be warning signs of unsafe situations.

The activities in the *Safer, Smarter Teens* curriculum have been designed to meet existing educational standards while imparting critical personal safety information. If you have any questions about the curriculum, please contact your child's teacher. You can learn more about the curriculum by visiting SaferSmarterTeens.org.

Thank you,



Lauren Book, M.S.Ed.
Founder/CEO, Lauren's Kids

ABOUT LAUREN'S KIDS: *Lauren's Kids* was founded by child abuse survivor, prevention advocate, and elementary school educator Lauren Book. The organization educates adults and children about sexual abuse topics through an in-school curriculum and speaking engagements around the world. The goal of *Lauren's Kids* is to create a world where the sexual abuse and exploitation of children is not tolerated. *Lauren's Kids* is a designated 501(c)(3) non-profit organization.

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PARENT LETTER 2: FITTING IN & ACCEPTANCE

The second lesson of *Safer, Smarter Teens: Personal Power* included a video scenario with Mike and Sarah discussing their after school plans. Mike is Sarah's first boyfriend and would like some "alone time" with Sarah ("Are you going to be alone at home? We are going out, right?"). Commenting on this video scenario, Lauren acknowledged that we all want to be accepted and loved, and she provided guidelines to help manage our relationships safely. A safe relationship was defined as one with an appropriate balance of power. An appropriate balance of power is when both people share in decision-making, feel comfortable communicating, and respect each other's wishes. She reviewed the scenario and asked students to pay attention to body boundaries and listening to your Guiding Voice. She identified an imbalance of power in a relationship as a possible red flag. She introduced a "Power Play" – TFA (Think, Feel, Act) as a way to maintain a safe relationship.

This concept is based on tested psychological theories as a foundation to evaluate a situation. Thinking about a situation is the objective part such as gathering data is in the scientific method. What do you see? What's going on? Feeling is more subjective and individual. How do you feel about it? Acting, of course, is the behavior that follows. What will you do to stay safe?

PARENT CONNECTION:

Adolescents' worlds are expanding to include emotional and physical attractions, which may lead them into situations that compromise their values and comfort level, compounded by their need to be accepted. By keeping the lines of communication open, you can help your child feel comfortable coming to you with difficult issues. Review the concepts of safe vs. unsafe relationships and the balance of power in relationships with your child. Remind your child that when someone is feeling pressured to do something that makes him or her uncomfortable, this is unsafe.

TIPS TO FURTHER TODAY'S LESSON:

Discuss with your child the concepts below that were introduced in the lesson. For example, the idea that he or she has the right to set body boundaries and expect them to be respected. You might ask, "Is it ok to go along with something you know and feel to be wrong to maintain a friendship?" Or "Can you identify red flags in unsafe relationships?"